Mandatory disclosure Inside Information Published 7 February 2018, 7:00 CET

FY 2017 Results

7 February 2018

According to IFRS, Consolidated, Unaudited



Today's presentation

| | | Presenter |
|---|------------------------|-------------------|
| 0 | Key Highlights | Tomáš Spurný |
| 2 | Commercial Performance | Andrew Gerber |
| 3 | Financial Performance | Philip Holemans |
| 4 | Risk performance | Carl Normann Vökt |
| 6 | Outlook | Tomáš Spurný |
| 6 | Q&A | Board Members |
| 7 | Appendix | |



2017 Financial performance against guidance

Delivering on all key 2017 financial commitments and proposing solid dividend payout

| | R | Results | | uidance |
|--|-----------|---|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| Metrics | 2016 | 2016 Unaudited 2017 | | Revised ⁵ |
| Consolidated Net Profit | CZK 4.1bn | CZK 3.9bn | ~ CZK 3.4bn | ~ CZK 3.9bn |
| Return on Tangible Equity ¹ | 15.3% | 16.0% | ~ 14% | ~ 16% |
| Loan Growth (YoY) ² | 4.1% | 10.8% | high single digit | high single digit |
| Cost to Income | 45.1% | 47.9% | upper mid 40s | upper mid 40s |
| Cost Base | CZK 5.0bn | CZK 4.9bn incl. restructuring costs ³ | < CZK 4.9bn | ~ CZK 4.8bn |
| Cost of Risk | 93bps | 32bps | 100-110bps | 50-60bps |
| NPL Ratio | 6.3% | 4.1% | < 6% | < 5% |
| Total NPL Coverage | 82.5% | 77.0% | ~ 80% | ~ 80% |
| Capital Adequacy Ratio ⁶ | 20.5% | 17.4% | > 17% | > 17% |

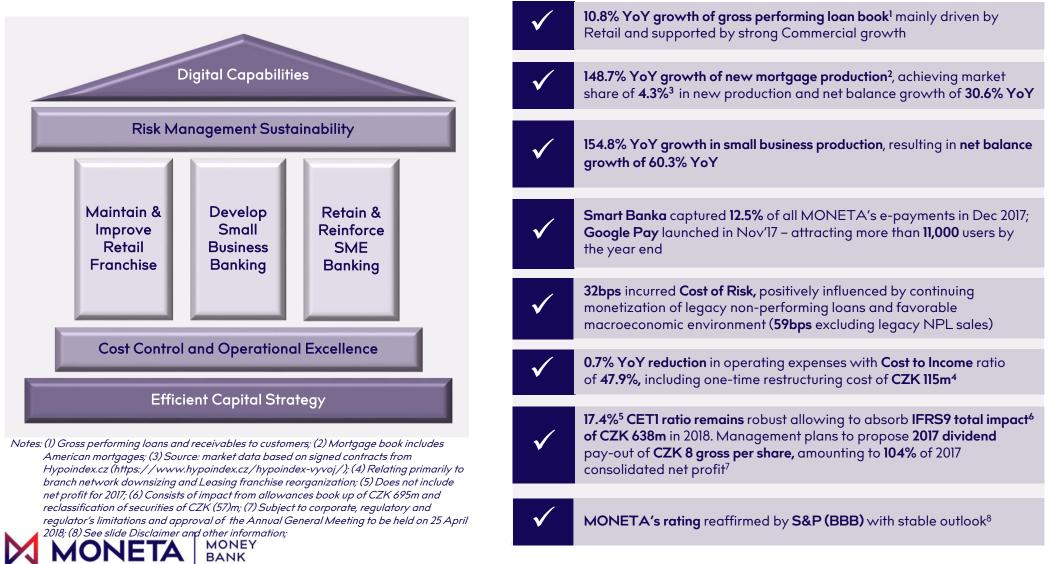
Management proposes CZK 4.1bn for 2017 dividend payout (CZK 8.00 gross per share)⁶

Notes: (1) Reported RoTE; (2) Gross performing loan growth; (3) Relating primarily to branch network downsizing and Leasing franchise reorganization; (4) Announced on 10 February 2017; (5) Revised in 3Q'17 except for the Cost Base which was updated in 1Q'17; (6) Subject to corporate, regulatory and regulator's limitations and approval of the Annual General Meeting to be held on 25 April 2018; (6) Does not include net profit for relevant year;



Executing on strategic commitments

Delivering on all quantitative and qualitative targets



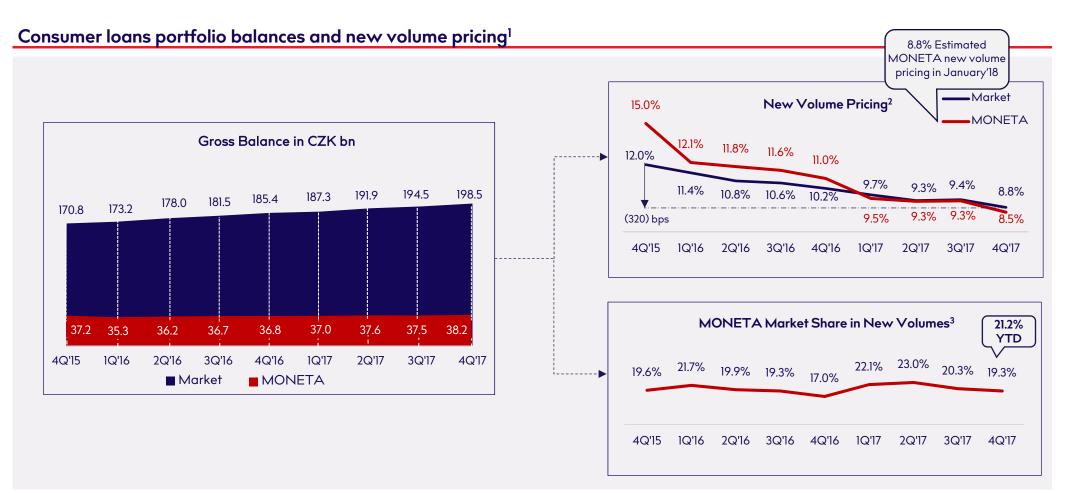
Overall business performance

Generated consolidated net profit of CZK 3.9bn, RoTE of 16.0% and solid growth

| Growth +10.8% | 10.8% YoY growth in gross performing loan portfolio¹, outperforming guidance of high single digit growth 14.7% YoY increase in retail net performing loans 30.6% YoY accelerated growth in net balance of mortgages², achieving new volume market share of 4.3%³ in 2017 8.3% YoY growth in net balance of consumer loans and achieving new volume market share of 21.2%⁴ 7.6% YoY growth in commercial net performing loans 60.3% growth in net small business balance, with new volume up 154.8% YoY 10.2% YoY increase in net investment loans balance |
|------------------|---|
| Income (6.5)% | CZK 10.3bn of operating income, down 6.5% YoY, in line with guidance NIM at 4.3% (NIM excl. reverse repo at 4.7%) confirming pricing pressure expected in 4Q'17 and high liquidity in the market Core NII erosion continuously decelerates QoQ |
| Cost (0.7)% | CZK 35m lower operating expenses YoY (down 0.7%) CZK 115m of restructuring costs incurred in 4Q'17, mainly related to branch network reduction and MONETA Leasing reorganization in 2018 47.9% Cost to Income ratio in line with guidance |
| Risk 32bps | 32bps Cost of Risk, supported by gain from legacy NPL sales (59 bps Cost of Risk excluding legacy NPL sale) 4.1% NPL ratio, further decrease compared to 4Q'16 77.0% total NPL coverage |
| RoTE 16.0% | CZK 3.9bn of consolidated net profit generating 16.0% Reported RoTE CZK 24.5bn tangible equity, with total equity of CZK 25.8bn CZK 104m impairment of MONETA Leasing goodwill on consolidated level⁵ |
| CET1 17.4% | CZK 118.5bn of RWA, with RWA density of 69.6%⁶ 17.4% of CET1 ratio⁷ on consolidated basis, 18.2%⁷ on individual basis CZK 4.1bn proposed 2017 dividend payout⁸ |
| | Notes: (1) Gross performing loans and receivables to customers; (2) Mortgage book includes American mortgages; (3) Source: market data based on signed contracts from Hypoindex.cz; (4) Source: CNB ARAD, Bank. Gross loans excluding Non-residents and loans in foreign currencies. Consumer loans represent Non-purposed and purposed consumer loans, Debt consolidations, American mortgages and all other MONETA products classified as consumer loans; 5) Impact on single level of CZK 1.3bn; (6) Repo transactions with counterparties which are closed on back-to-back basis by reverse report transactions with CNB are not included; (7) Does not include net profit for 2017; (8) Subject to corporate, regulatory and regulator's limitations and approval of the Annual General Meeting to be held on 25 April 2018; |

Overview of consumer lending market dynamics

Pricing pressure resumed in 4Q'17 with market new business rates dropping 60bps

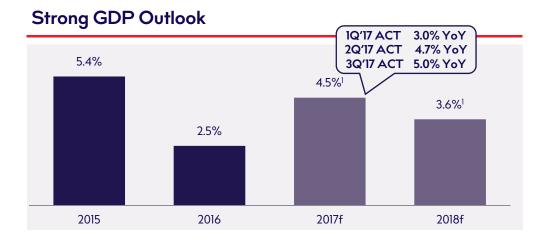


Notes: (1) Source: CNB ARAD, following CNB definition (includes Non-purposed and purposed consumer loans, Debt consolidations and American mortgages). New Volume pricing represented by annualized weighted average rate for Czech residents denominated in CZK only. Portfolio balances in CZK bn, gross loans excluding non-residents and loans in foreign currencies; (2) Quarterly average of new volume pricing; (3) Source: CNB ARAD, Bank. Gross loans excluding Non-residents and loans in foreign currencies. Consumer loans represent Non-purposed and purposed consumer loans, Debt consolidations, American mortgages and all other MONETA products classified as consumer loans; Includes new lending, consolidation and repricing; figures may defer from the previously reported market data due to standard CNB



Macroeconomic environment

Outlook positive with interest rate projected to further increase over next months, additional rate hike of 25bps announced by CNB on 1 February 2018



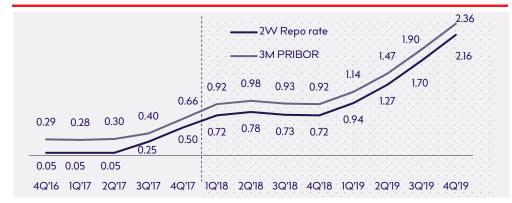
Industrial Production and Export



Key Macroeconomic Indicators¹

| | 3Q'16 | 4Q'16 | 1Q'17 | 2Q'17 | 3Q'17 | 4Q'17 |
|------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 3M PRIBOR | 0.29% | 0.29% | 0.28% | 0.30% | 0.40% | 0.66% |
| Unemployment | 5.3% | 5.0% | 5.1% | 4.2% | 3.9% | 3.6% |
| Inflation | 0.6% | 1.5% | 2.5% | 2.2% | 2.5% | 2.6% |
| EUR/CZK | 27.0 | 27.0 | 27.0 | 26.5 | 26.1 | 25.7 |
| Banks' NPL ratio | 5.2% | 4.8% | 4.5% | 4.3% | 4.0% | 4.0% |

Interest Rate Forecast²



Source: Czech Statistical Office, Ministry of Labour, Ministry of Finance, Czech National Bank, Latest (revised) data;

Notes: (1) All data except Bank's NPL ratio represents quarterly averages; (2) Latest CNB forecast from February 1, 2018 used for period 1Q'18 to 4Q'19 (http://www.cnb.cz/cs/menova_politika/zpravy_o_inflaci/2018/2018_1/download/ZOL_12018_T_1_Makroindikatory.xlsx); (3) Export following national concept;

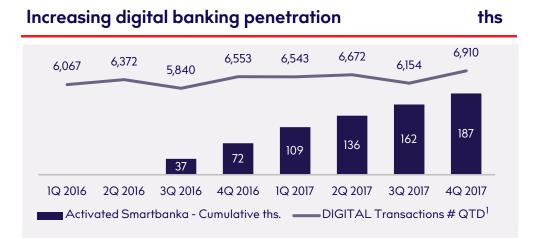


Digital transformation progressing

Strong development of digital franchise with market leading mobile platform

Deliveries in 2017

- **158% YoY** growth in Smart Banka users while **12.5%** of all bank's e-payments in December 2017 realized via mobile
- Smart Banka platform capabilities enhanced during 4Q'17 based on customer feedback including addition of peer to peer payments, Google Pay, and streamlined bill payments process
- **15.5%** of bank's sales of travel insurance completed fully online via Internet Banka & Smart Banka in 2017

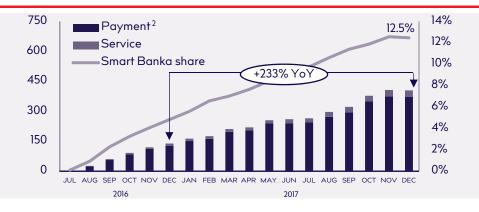


Aspirations for 2018

- Fully online Credit Card for both retail & commercial to be introduced via mobile in 1Q'18
- Further enhancement of digital pre-approved unsecured loan offer to expand the pool of eligible clients and accelerate take-up
- Digitally enabled retail unsecured lending for new to bank clients via tablet to be rolled out during 1H'18
- New web presence to be developed in 2018 to drive online origination

Smart BankaTransactions

ths and % of total bank



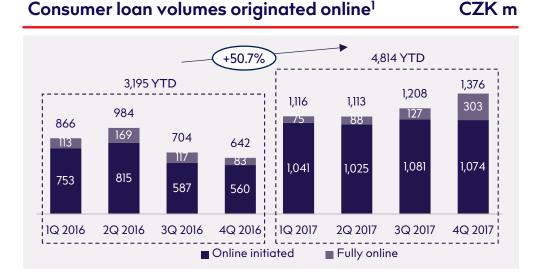
Notes: Figures in chart may not add up due to rounding differences;

(1) Digital transaction includes all transactions not originated via branch network or contact centre; (2) Transactions included: Ontime payments, Standing orders cancellation/activation/change, Direct debit cancellation/activation/change, phone credit top up (O2, Vodafone, T-mobile);



Strong performance in online lending

In 2017 lending originated online rose in both consumer and small business segments

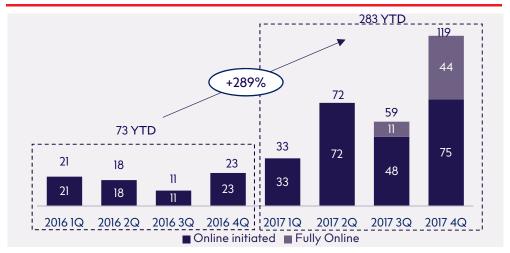


Highlights

- CZK 4.8bn consumer loans originated online, reaching 17.9% share of the bank's consumer loan production in 2017
- CZK 593m consumer loan volumes originated fully on-line; increasing sharply in 4Q'17 following the introduction of pre-approved loans in Smart Banka & Internet Banka
- CZK ~19bn of pre-approved unsecured loan limits made available to more than 100ths existing retail clients through simple fully on-line process

Small business loans originated online¹





Highlights

- CZK 283m originated online, reaching 14.8% share of small business lending volume
- CZK 55m small business loan volumes completed fully on-line; 2.9% of total small business loan production during 2017
- CZK ~2.5bn of pre-approved unsecured small business loan and overdraft limits made available to more than 17ths commercial clients through simple fully on-line process



MONEY Notes: (1) Online represents volume from leads initiated through digital channels and disbursed either through digital channels or branches; fully online = volume **BANK** from leads both initiated and disbursed in digital channels; online initiated = volume from leads initiated in digital channels but disbursed at branch;

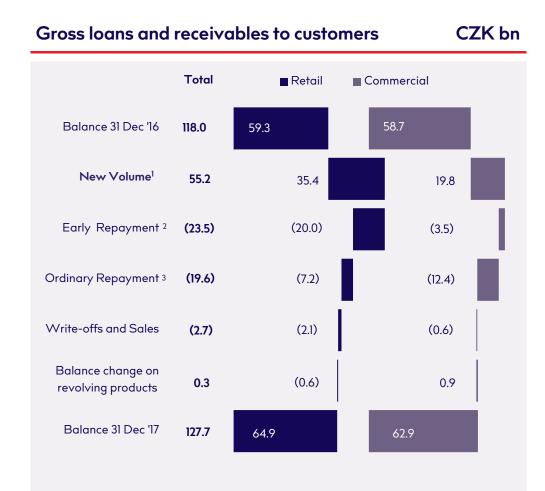
Today's presentation

| | | Presenter |
|---|------------------------|-------------------|
| 0 | Key Highlights | Tomáš Spurný |
| 2 | Commercial Performance | Andrew Gerber |
| 3 | Financial Performance | Philip Holemans |
| 4 | Risk performance | Carl Normann Vökt |
| 5 | Outlook | Tomáš Spurný |
| 6 | Q&A | Board Members |
| 7 | Appendix | |



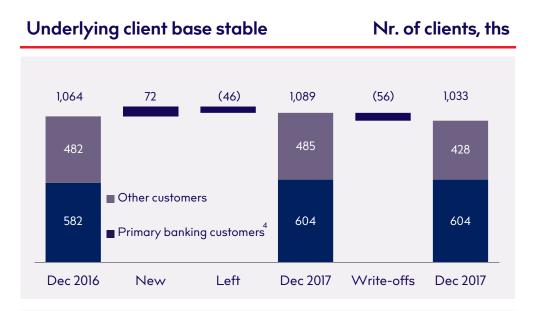
Gross loan portfolio development

Robust new volume production, improving customer metrics underpinned by better net promoter scores (NPS)



MONEY

BANK



- CZK 9.7bn gross balance increase, driven by strong new production in both retail and commercial, supported by 22ths new primary banking customers on net basis
- CZK 23.5bn of early repayments² mainly driven by consumer loan repricing and internal consolidation
- 26ths new clients added on net basis ⁵, customer satisfaction confirmed by strong improvement of NPS score in commercial (from 8 to 21) and stable NPS in retail (from 28 to 30)

-11

Notes: Figures in chart may not add up due to rounding differences;

(1) New volume excluding revolving loans and Other. New volume includes internal repricing for consumer loans only; (2) Early repayments represent full or partial repayments of principal balance outside of the ordinary repayment schedule – include internal repricing of consumer loan balances and exclude repayments of overdue balances, write-offs and debt sales; (3) Includes impact of FX revaluation; (4) Retail customer with credit income on current account of more than 7ths CZK at least twice in last 3 months and commercial customer with at least 9 customer initiated debit transactions in previous 3 months, or customer with active not delinquent loan product; (5) Excluding impact of NPL write-offs, also includes 5ths customer accounts closures by MONETA;

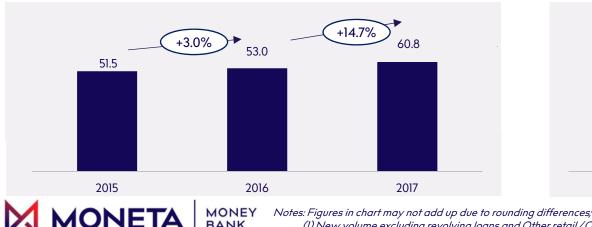
Net loan portfolio development

Accelerated balance increase in both segments supported by strong growth in retail mortgages and commercial small business lending



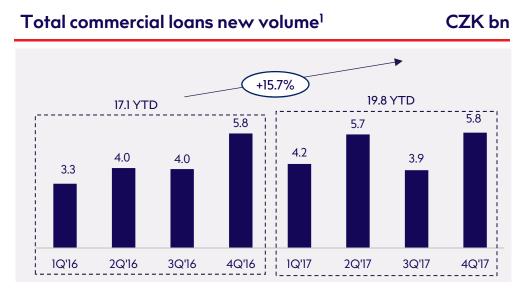
Net retail loan performing balance

CZK bn



BANK

(1) New volume excluding revolving loans and Other retail/Other commercial;



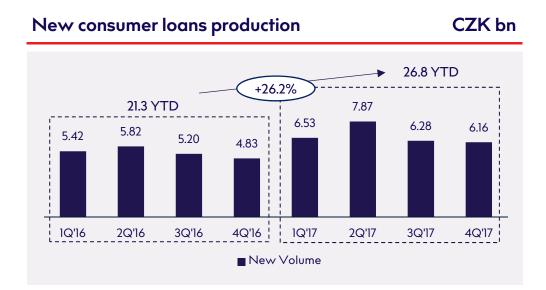
Net commercial loan performing balance





Consumer loans production and balance attrition

Higher new production matched by reduction in attrition, overall supporting consumer portfolio growth

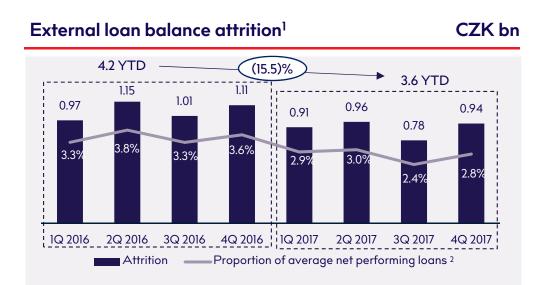


New production highlights

MONETA

- 26.2% YoY production growth, impacted by repricing activities
- 21.2% of new volume market share³ maintained despite significant competitive pricing pressure in 4Q'17
- 8.3% YoY net balance growth supported by continuing efforts to protect portfolio against competitors

BANK



Retention efforts highlights

- 15.5% YoY reduction of balance churn through client retention actions
- External refinancing reduction delivered through implementation of a range of retention strategies - proactive based on predictive modelling, reactive based on short term triggers and win-back
- Retention processes dramatically simplified both in branches and call center and staff extensively trained and highly motivated to retain consumer clients

Notes: (1) External loan balance attrition is defined as extraordinary principal repayment transactions exceeding 40% of the prior month average principal and not MONEY recognized as internal repricing. Loans more than 30 days past due are excluded; (2) Represents balance attrition divided by 2-point average balance of 13 net performing consumer loans for the guarter; (3) Source: CNB ARAD;

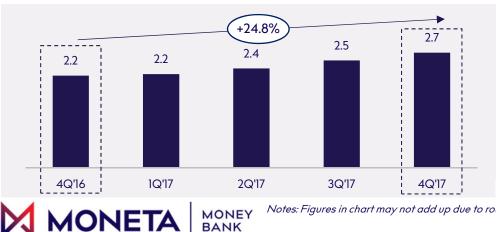
Net retail loan portfolio development

Solid growth in mortgages and other instalment lending products

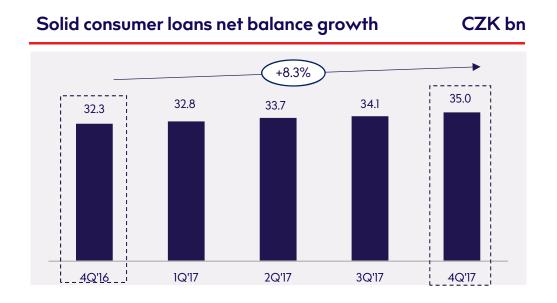


Auto net lending balance strong performance

CZK bn



BANK



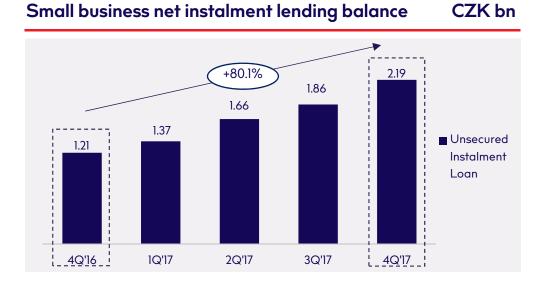
Decline in credit card & overdraft draw-downs CZK bn



Notes: Figures in chart may not add up due to rounding differences;

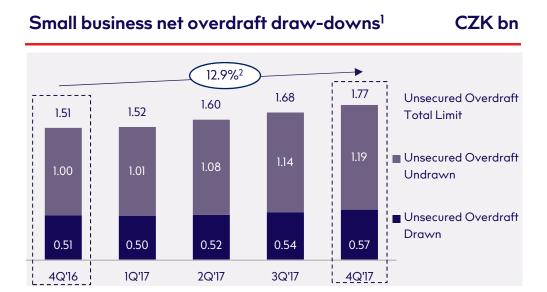
Small business franchise expansion

Rapid growth supported by increased sales force capacity focusing predominantly on existing clients penetrating portfolio potential



Significant growth in new volumes





Highlights

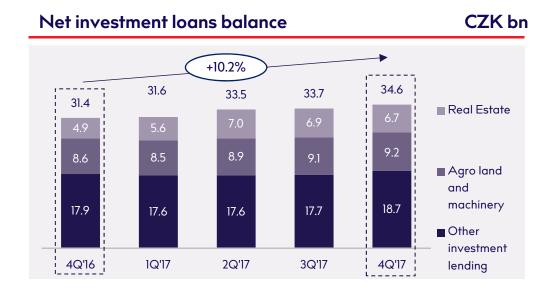
- 60.3% YoY overall increase in net small business balance
- 154.8% YoY production growth in small business franchise with expanded network to 159 small business bankers³
- II.6% YoY improvement in sales force productivity
- Predominantly focusing on existing clients with history and relationship with MONETA

Notes: Figures in chart may not add up due to rounding differences;

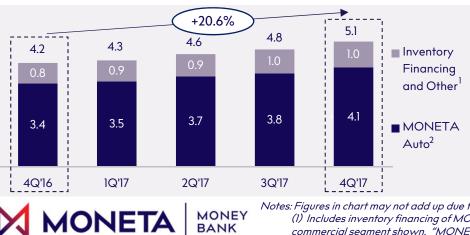
 (1) Includes commercial credit cards (2) YoY change in drawn balances of unsecured overdraft and commercial credit cards; (3) Quarterly average of Small Business bankers. Expecting 6 months delay in reaching productivity effect;

Net commercial loan portfolio development

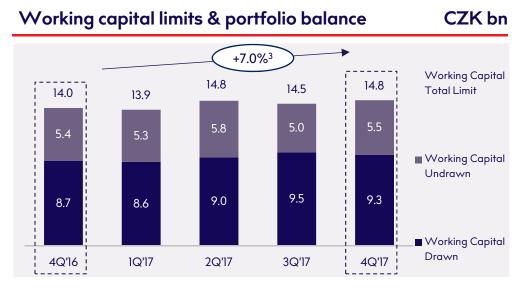
Solid growth across all products, with exception of leasing



Net auto & equipment loans



BANK



Leasing franchise

CZK bn



Notes: Figures in chart may not add up due to rounding differences;

CZK bn

(1) Includes inventory financing of MONETA Leasing and MONETA Auto; (2) Excluding Inventory Financing, shown separately. For MONETA Auto, only commercial segment shown. "MONETA Auto" and "Auto" denotes MONETA Auto s.r.o., "MONETA Leasing" and "Leasing" denotes MONETA Leasing s.r.o.; (3) YoY change of Working Capital Net Receivables;

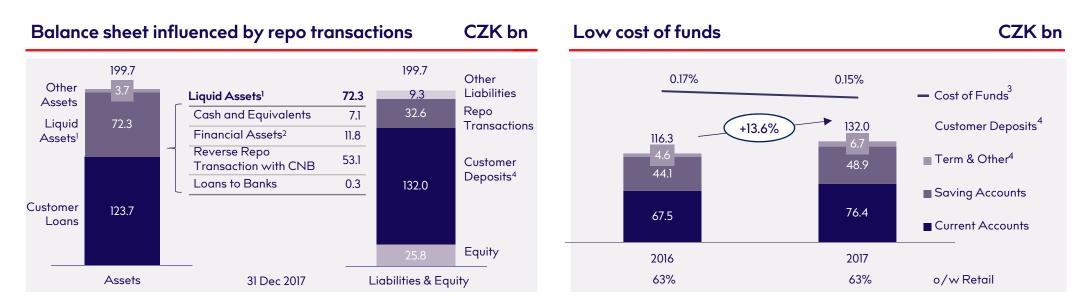
Today's presentation

| | | Presenter |
|---|------------------------|-------------------|
| 0 | Key Highlights | Tomáš Spurný |
| 2 | Commercial Performance | Andrew Gerber |
| 3 | Financial Performance | Philip Holemans |
| 4 | Risk performance | Carl Normann Vökt |
| 5 | Outlook | Tomáš Spurný |
| 6 | Q&A | Board Members |
| 7 | Appendix | |



Solid balance sheet fundamentals

Maintaining low cost of funds, improving efficiency in excess liquidity placement and increasing overall leverage



Highlights

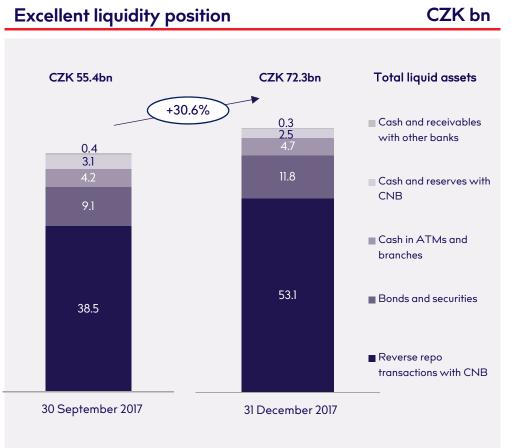
- 182.9% of LCR confirms excellent liquidity position, primarily consisting of CZK 53.1bn in reverse repo transactions, CZK 7.1bn in cash and CZK 11.7bn² in Czech government bonds, with excess liquidity⁵ of CZK 16.1bn
- 13.6% YTD growth of customer deposit balance⁴, remaining fully self-funded with LtD ratio⁴ of 93.7%, growing across both retail and commercial deposits, while keeping cost of funding at low level of 15bps
- 8.1% regulatory leverage⁶ (2016 at 13.1%) against Czech bank industry leverage of 6.2%⁷



Notes: Figures in chart may not add up due to rounding differences; (1) Liquid assets are total of Cash and equivalents, Financial assets and Loans to banks as presented on Balance sheet; (2) includes CZK 3.4bn of encumbered assets; (3) Including repo transactions; (4) Excluding CZK 9.4bn of repo transactions; (5) Excess liquidity exceeding 100% LCR; (6) Calculated pursuant to CRR; regulatory leverage influenced in 4Q' 17 by opportunistic repo transaction of CZK 29.4bn; (7) Source: CNB web page <http://www.cnb.cz/cs/dohled_financni_trh/souhrnne_informace_fin_trhy/zakladni_ukazatele_fin_zdravi/fsi_ukazatele_kons.html>, as of 30 Sep 2017:

Optimizing returns on excess liquidity

Significant increase in opportunistic operations with CNB and additional investments into Czech government bonds performed in 4Q'17



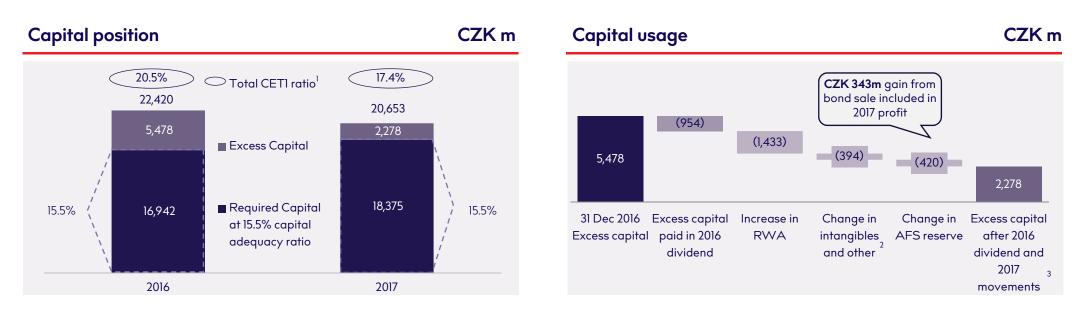
| 1 | CZK 72.3bn total liquid asset balance boosted primarily through external funding from financial institutions |
|---|--|
| • | CZK 53.1bn placed in reverse repo operations with CNB |
| 1 | CZK 11.7bn¹ invested into Czech government bonds (held to maturity portfolio) with yield above 70bps |
| • | 182.9% of LCR ratio confirming excellent liquidity position |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

Note: (1) Including encumbered assets of CZK 3.4bn;



Excess capital management

Gradually progressing towards 15.5% medium term capital target with IFRS9 total charge of CZK 638m to be booked in January 2018



Highlights

ONET

- Bank reaffirms its medium-term target capital adequacy ratio of 15.5%⁴
- Expected consumption of excess capital over next 12 months

MONEY

BANK

- IFRS9 total impact at CZK 638m in January 2018 (CZK 695m from allowances book up and CZK (57)m from reclassification of securities)
- Expected loan book growth more than 9% in 2018 (see guidance)
- Investments in digital and IT resulting in increase of intangibles (CZK 0.3 0.5bn)
- Management plans to propose to shareholders for their approval 2017 dividend payout of 104% of 2017 consolidated net profit⁵ (CZK 8 gross per share)

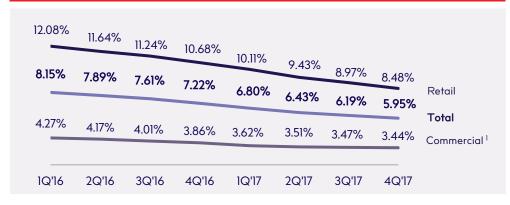
Note: (1) Does not include net profit for relevant year; (2) Impacted by impairment of MONETA Leasing goodwill of CZK 104m; (3) Subject to corporate, regulatory and regulator's limitations and approval of the general meetings; (4) Management target of 15.5% capital adequacy ratio consists of (a) 11% total SREP capital ratio (b) 2.5% conservation buffer (c) 1% countercyclical buffer (including additional 0.5% effective from 1st July 2018) and (d) 1% management buffer; (5) Subject to corporate, regulatory and regulator's limitations and approval of the Annual General Meeting to be held on 25 April 2018;

20

Loan portfolio margin evolution

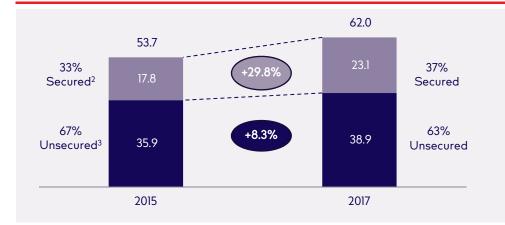
Quarter to quarter stable net interest income supported by CNB reverse repo operations, interest rate hikes not fully reflected

Loan Portfolio Yield



Retail net portfolio composition







Yield development

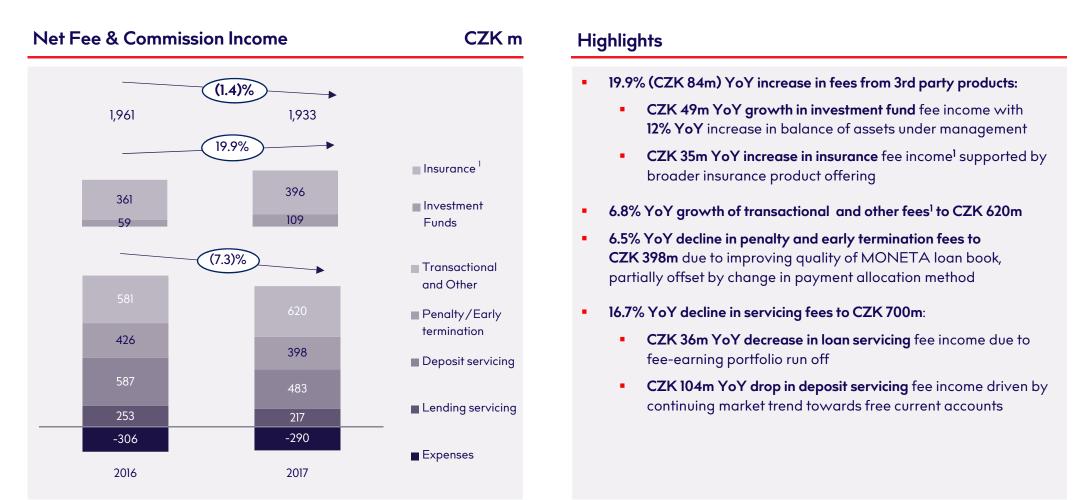
- Slowdown of NII erosion (excluding repo) continues in 4Q'17
- 6.0% overall yield in 4Q'17 (down 127bps vs 4Q'16) continues to decline, driven by retail yield impacted by consumer loans rate pressure, back book repricing and mix more balanced towards secured lending
- **3.4% commercial yield stabilizes in 4Q'17**, despite rate hikes not fully translating into interest income
- 6.7% NII decrease YoY in 4Q'17, showing QoQ growth in 4Q17 supported by CZK 47m income from opportunistic repo operations

Notes: Figures in chart may not add up due to rounding differences; (1) 2016 restated as a result of reclassification of operating lease contracts, in accordance with requirements of IAS 17 Leases (2) Retail secured includes mortgages, auto loans and financial leases; (3) Retail unsecured includes consumer loans, consumer authorized overdrafts and credit cards;



Net fees and commissions

Insurance, asset management and transactional fees show strong performance, however fees on current accounts continue to erode due to conversion to free current accounts



Notes: Figures in chart may not add up due to rounding differences;

(1) Insurance fee income negatively impacted by reclassification between Insurance and Other fees in the amount of CZK 11m (3Q17 YTD) – decrease of Insurance and increase of Other fees;



Operating expenses

Managed flat costs against increase of employees, facing strong wage inflation pressure, increase of depreciation and amortization and booked restructuring charge in 4Q'17

| erating Expenses ¹ | I | CZK m | Highlights |
|-------------------------------|------------|------------------------------|---|
| | (0.7)% | → | 5.7% YoY increase in personnel expenses to CZK 2,392m: |
| 4,982 | 4,947 | | 6.1% YoY increase of average FTE's, mainly at front-end roles and digita related functions |
| 310 | 115 411 | ■ Restructuring ² | Retention reserve release impact in 2Q'16 (CZK 46m) |
| | _ | | • 15.8% YoY decrease in admin & other operating expenses to CZK 2,029m: |
| | | | Rebranding & IPO costs in 2016 (CZK 254m) |
| 2,409 | 2,029 | Depreciation | Saving on royalties (CZK 55m), lower MSA/TSA (CZK 174m) |
| | | and amortisation | Release of solicitors reserve (CZK 84m), partly offset by release of restructuring reserve in 2016 (CZK 40m) |
| | | Administrative | Higher Digital and IT spend (CZK 60m) |
| | | & Other | Higher Deposit insurance and Resolution fund contribution (CZK 28m) |
| 2,263 | 2,392 | Operating | 32.7% YoY increase in depreciation and amortization to CZK 411m: |
| | | ■ Personnel | Primarily driven by higher amortization due to investments in IT separation and Digital (Intangible assets balance grew 75% YoY) |
| 2016 | 2017 | | Total investment of CZK 1.2bn during 2017 consisting of tangibles and intangibles |
| | 2016 | 2017 | CZK 115m of one-off restructuring cost² booked in 4Q'17 |
| FTE's (avg.) | 3,114 | 3,304 | Cost related mainly to planned branch network downsizing and |
| Cost to Income Ratio | 45.1% | 47.9% | MONETA Leasing franchise reorganization in 2018 |

Note: (1) Change in presentation of external collection cost directly attributable to related loan within the profit or loss line "Net impairment of loans and receivables". Due to this change, the line "Net impairment of loans and receivables" and the line "Other operating expenses" of the consolidated profit or loss statement in 2016 were restated; (2) Out of total restructuring costs of CZK 115m, CZK 64m was booked in Personnel Expenses, CZK 48m in Administrative Expenses and CZK 3m in Depreciation & Amortization;



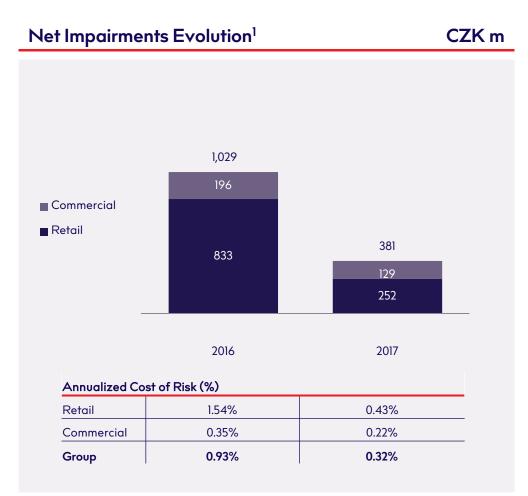
Today's presentation

| | | Presenter |
|---|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 0 | Key Highlights | Tomáš Spurný |
| 2 | Commercial Performance | Andrew Gerber |
| 3 | Financial Performance | Philip Holemans |
| 4 | Risk performance | |
| | Nisk performance | Carl Normann Vökt |
| 6 | Outlook | Carl Normann Vökt Tomáš Spurný |
| | • | |
| 5 | Outlook | Tomáš Spurný |



Improving Cost of Risk

Positive result in Cost of Risk due to extraordinary gain generated by legacy NPL disposals



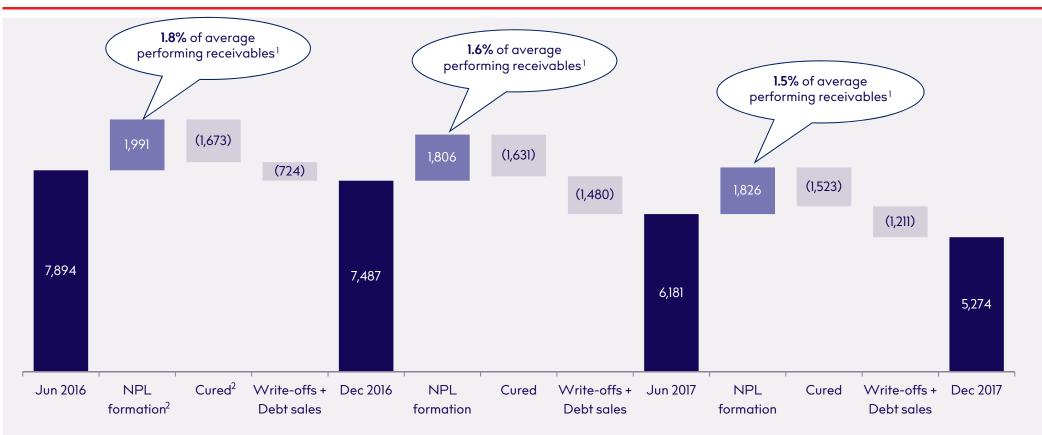
Note: (1) 2016 restated, both periods includes cost of collection reclassified from operating expenses; (2) Source: http://www.cnb.cz/cs/financni_stabilita/zpravy_fs/fs_2016-2017/index.html

Highlights Positive macroeconomic environment persisted in 4Q'17 32bps total Cost of Risk 59bps excluding gain from legacy NPL sales CZK 315m gain from legacy NPLs portfolio sales (out of which CZK 124m realized in October 2017) CZK 4.2bn of legacy NPLs portfolio sales in 2017 CZK 2.1bn balance sheet gross receivables CZK 2.1bn off balance sheet Based on latest CNB financial stability report² Cost of Risk likely to **bottom out** during 2018

Overview of NPL development

Reduction of NPL supported by stable portfolio performance and relative improvement in cure rate and legacy NPL sales

Gross NPL Walk



Notes: Figures in chart may not add up due to rounding differences;

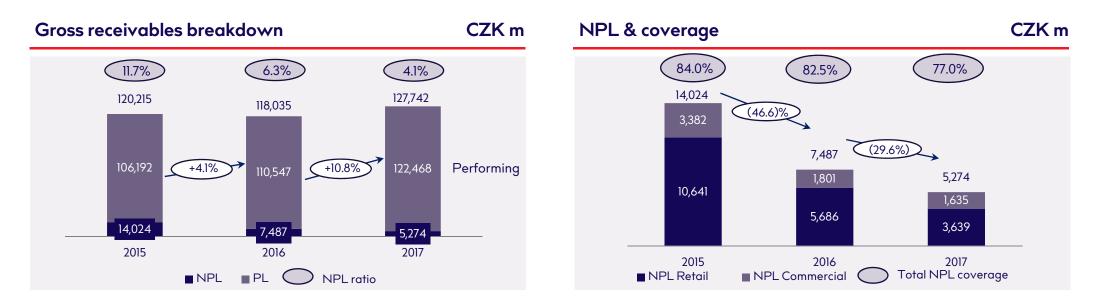
(1) Calculated as two point average; (2) Restated as a result of reclassification of operating lease contracts in accordance with requirements of IAS 17 Leases during 2016;



CZK m

Gross receivables, NPL and coverage evolution

Proactive NPL management further improving balance sheet quality through CZK 2.1 billion of legacy NPL sales (CZK 4.2 billion including off balance sheet)



Highlights

- 4.1% NPL ratio; drop due to legacy NPL sales and write-offs
- 77.0% total NPL coverage driven by debt sales of aged and well covered receivables
- During 2018 MONETA will further seek to monetize on and off balance sheet legacy NPLs, subject to market demand and conditions

Note: Total NPL coverage represents total allowances (incl. IBNR - Incurred But Not Reported) over NPL;

Today's presentation

| | Presenter |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| 1 Key Highlights | Tomáš Spurný |
| 2 Commercial Performance | Andrew Gerber |
| 3 Financial Performance | Philip Holemans |
| 4 Risk performance | Carl Normann Vökt |
| 5 Outlook | Tomáš Spurný |
| 6 Q&A | Board Members |
| 7 Appendix | |
| | |



Material assumptions and estimates for medium term guidance

A number of economic, market, operational and regulatory assumptions were made by the Company in preparing forward looking guidance¹

- **Positive macroeconomic outlook** will persist in medium term:
- 3M PRIBOR assumed to gradually increase and reach 2.8%² in 4Q'19
- Consumer loan market portfolio yield expected to bottom out at around 8%
- **2018 effective tax rate** to be reduced by the impact of IFRS9 one-time charge
- Cost of risk assumptions:
 - 15 20% higher allowance level under IFRS9
 - 2018 supported by significant gain from legacy NPL monetization
 - Contingency for potential large commercial default
 - Cost of Risk likely to bottom out during 2018
- Flat operating cost impacted by 10% 15% productivity improvement over next 3 years, offset by increased Depreciation and Amortization charges of additional investments

Source: Internal assumptions used for guidance; Note: (1) See also slide "Forward looking statements"; (2) CNB forecast from 4Q 2017 (http://www.cnb.cz/cs/menova_politika/zpravy_o_inflaci/2017/2017_1V/download/ZOI_IV_2017_T_1_Makroindikatory.xlsx)



2017 results and medium term guidance

Management commits to deliver solid dividend stream in next 4 years, policy may change if any opportunity for acquisition arises

| | Unaudited Results | | Guida | nce ³ | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|------------|------------------|-------------|
| | 2017 | One-offs ² | Adjusted | 2018 | 2020 |
| Loan Book Growth ¹ | 10.8% | | 10.8% | ≥9% | ≥10% |
| Total Operating Income | CZK 10.3bn | (CZK 0.3bn) | CZK 10.0bn | ≥CZK 9.5bn | ≥CZK 10.5bn |
| Cost Base | CZK 4.9bn | | CZK 4.9bn | ~CZK 4.9bn | ~ CZK 5.1bn |
| Cost of Risk ⁴ | 32bps | 27bps | 59bps | 45 – 55bps | 70 – 80bps |
| Net Consolidated Profit | CZK 3.9bn | (CZK 0.4bn) | CZK 3.5bn | ≥CZK 3.4bn | ≥CZK 3.8bn |
| Reported Return on Tangible Equity | 16.0% | | 14.5% | ≥14% | ≥15% |
| Effective Tax Rate | 20% | | 20% | ~ 17% | ~20% |

Management plans to propose⁵ 2017 – 2020 aggregate dividend payout of CZK 11.5 billion



Note: (1) Gross performing loan growth; (2) CZK 343m gain from government bond sale in Total operating income, CZK 315m monetization of legacy NPL (27bps) in Cost of Risk, and Goodwill impairment CZK 104m, all amounts pre-tax; (3) Management takes the opportunity to adjust the guidance in case of any material change of circumstances on which this guidance was based or any accretive investment opportunity for MONETA; (4) 2017 based on IAS39, 2018 and 2020 based on IFRS9; (5) To be proposed to shareholders at General meetings to be held in 2018-2021, not as a single payment, but yearly subject to actual financial results in the years 2017-2020; subject to corporate, regulatory and regulator's limitations and approval of the Annual General Meetings;

Reporting dates and investor meetings





Our IR team

Linda Kavanová

Manda Drvotová

Jarmila Valentová

MONETA Money Bank, a.s. BB Centrum, Vyskočilova 1422/1a 140 28 Praha 4 – Michle Tel: +420 224 442 549 investors@moneta.cz www.moneta.cz Identification number: 25672720

Bloomberg: MONET CP ISIN: CZ0008040318

Reuters: MONET.PR SEDOL: BD3CQ16





Today's presentation

| | | Presenter |
|---|------------------------|-------------------|
| 0 | Key Highlights | Tomáš Spurný |
| 2 | Commercial Performance | Andrew Gerber |
| 3 | Financial Performance | Philip Holemans |
| 4 | Risk performance | Carl Normann Vökt |
| 6 | Outlook | Tomáš Spurný |
| 6 | Q&A | Board Members |
| 7 | Appendix | |



Today's presentation

| | Presenter |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| 1 Key Highlights | Tomáš Spurný |
| 2 Commercial Performance | Andrew Gerber |
| 3 Financial Performance | Philip Holemans |
| 4 Risk performance | Carl Normann Vökt |
| 5 Outlook | Tomáš Spurný |
| 6 Q&A | Board Members |
| 7 Appendix | |

Consolidated statement of financial position

| | 21 (12 (2017 | 21 (12 (201) | |
|--|--|---|--|
| CZK m | 31/12/2017 unaudited | 31/12/2016 audited | % Change |
| Cash and balances with the central bank | 7,127 | 20,235 | (64.8%) |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 48 | 20,235 | 84.6% |
| | 57 | | |
| Financial assets available for sale | 11,723 | 13,749 | (99.6%) |
| Financial assets - held to maturity | 11,723 | 0 | n/a |
| Hedging derivatives with positive fair values | 4 | 0 | n/a |
| Change in fair value of items hedged on portfolio basis | (6) | 0 | n/a |
| Loans and receivables to banks | 53,380 | 189 | 28143.4% |
| Loans and receivables to customers | 123,680 | 111,860 | 10.6% |
| Intangible assets | 1,301 | 744 | 74.9% |
| Property and equipment | 871 | 649 | 34.2% |
| Goodwill | 0 | 104 | (100.0%) |
| Investments in associates | 2 | 2 | 0.0% |
| Current tax assets | 308 | 267 | 15.4% |
| Deferred tax assets | 386 | 805 | (52.0%) |
| Other assets | 853 | 749 | 13.9% |
| Total Assets | 199,734 | 149,379 | 33.7% |
| Deposits from banks | 29,643 | 2,657 | 1015.7% |
| Due to customers | 141,469 | 116,252 | 21.7% |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss | 68 | 7 | 871.4% |
| Hedging derivatives with negative fair values | Δ | 0 | n/a |
| | T | v | |
| Provision | 364 | 416 | (12.5%) |
| Provision Current tax liabilities | 364 | 416 | (12.5%) (93.1%) |
| | 364 2 267 | | (93.1%) |
| Current tax liabilities | 2 | 29 | |
| Current tax liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Other liabilities | 2 267 2,154 | 29 280 | (93.1%) (4.6%) (12.8%) |
| Current tax liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Other liabilities Total Liabilities | 2 267 | 29 280 2,470 | (93.1%) (4.6%) |
| Current tax liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Other liabilities | 2 267 2,154 173,971 511 | 29 280 2,470 122,111 511 | (93.1%) (4.6%) (12.8%) 42.5% 0.0% |
| Current tax liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Other liabilities Total Liabilities Share capital Share premium | 2 267 2,154 173,971 | 29 280 2,470 122,111 | (93.1%) (4.6%) (12.8%) 42.5% 0.0% 0.0% |
| Current tax liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Other liabilities Total Liabilities Share capital | 2 267 2,154 173,971 511 5,028 102 | 29 280 2,470 122,111 511 5,028 102 | (93.1%) (4.6%) (12.8%) 42.5% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% |
| Current tax liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Other liabilities Total Liabilities Share capital Share premium Statutory reserve Available for sale reserve | 2 267 2,154 173,971 511 5,028 102 (57) | 29 280 2,470 122,111 511 5,028 102 363 | (93.1%) (4.6%) (12.8%) 42.5% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% (115.7%) |
| Current tax liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Other liabilities Total Liabilities Share capital Share premium Statutory reserve Available for sale reserve Share based payment reserve | 2 267 2,154 173,971 511 5,028 102 (57) (2) | 29 280 2,470 122,111 511 5,028 102 363 (2) | (93.1%) (4.6%) (12.8%) 42.5% 0.0% 0.0% (115.7%) 0.0% |
| Current tax liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Other liabilities Total Liabilities Share capital Share premium Statutory reserve Available for sale reserve Share based payment reserve Retained earnings | 2 267 2,154 173,971 511 5,028 102 (57) (2) 20,181 | 29 280 2,470 122,111 511 5,028 102 363 (2) 21,266 | (93.1%) (4.6%) (12.8%) 42.5% 0.0% 0.0% (115.7%) 0.0% (115.7%) 0.0% (5.1%) |
| Current tax liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Other liabilities Total Liabilities Share capital Share premium Statutory reserve Available for sale reserve Share based payment reserve | 2 267 2,154 173,971 511 5,028 102 (57) (2) | 29 280 2,470 122,111 511 5,028 102 363 (2) | (93.1%) (4.6%) (12.8%) 42.5% 0.0% 0.0% (115.7%) 0.0% |



Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

| CZK m | 31/12/2017 unaudited | 31/12/2016 Restated ¹ | % Change |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|
| Interest and similar income | 7,582 | 8,494 | (10.74%) |
| Interest expense and similar charges | (218) | (189) | 15.34% |
| Net interest income | 7,364 | 8,305 | (11.33%) |
| Fee and commission income | 2,223 | 2,267 | (1.94%) |
| Fee and commission expense | (290) | (306) | (5.23%) |
| Net fee and commission income | 1,933 | 1,961 | (1.43%) |
| Dividend income | 0 | 26 | (100.00%) |
| Net income from financial operations | 709 | 598 | 18.56% |
| Other operating income | 329 | 168 | 95.83% |
| Total operating income | 10,335 | 11,058 | (6.54%) |
| Personnel expenses | (2,456) | (2,263) | 8.53% |
| Administrative expenses | (1,893) | (1,984) | (4.59%) |
| Depreciation and amortisation | (414) | (310) | 33.55% |
| Other operating expenses | (184) | (425) | (56.71%) |
| Total operating expenses | (4,947) | (4,982) | (0.70%) |
| Profit for the period before tax and net impairment of loans, receivables and financial assets available for sale | 5,388 | 6,076 | (11.32%) |
| Net impairment of loans and receivables | (381) | (1,029) | (62.97%) |
| Goodwill Impairment | (104) | 0 | n/a |
| Profit for the period before tax | 4,903 | 5,047 | (2.85%) |
| Taxes on income | (980) | (993) | (1.31%) |
| Profit for the period after tax | 3,923 | 4,054 | (3.23%) |
| Change in fair value of AFS investments recognised in OCI | (176) | 132 | (233.33%) |
| Change in fair value of AFS investments recognised in P&L | (343) | (279) | 22.94% |
| Deferred tax | 99 | 28 | 253.57% |
| Other comprehensive income, net of tax | (420) | (119) | 252.94% |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to the equity holders | 3,503 | 3,935 | (10.98%) |

Notes: (1) In line with the 2016 Annual report the Group carried out several reclassifications: a) premium paid to insurance companies from "Other operating expenses" to "Fee and commission income" b) collection costs from "Administrative expenses" and "Other operating expenses" to "Net impairment of loans and receivables" c) The operating lease contracts were disclosed separately from finance lease in accordance with requirements of IAS 17 Leases, reclassification from "Interest and similar income" to "Other operating income" and "Depreciation and amortisation";



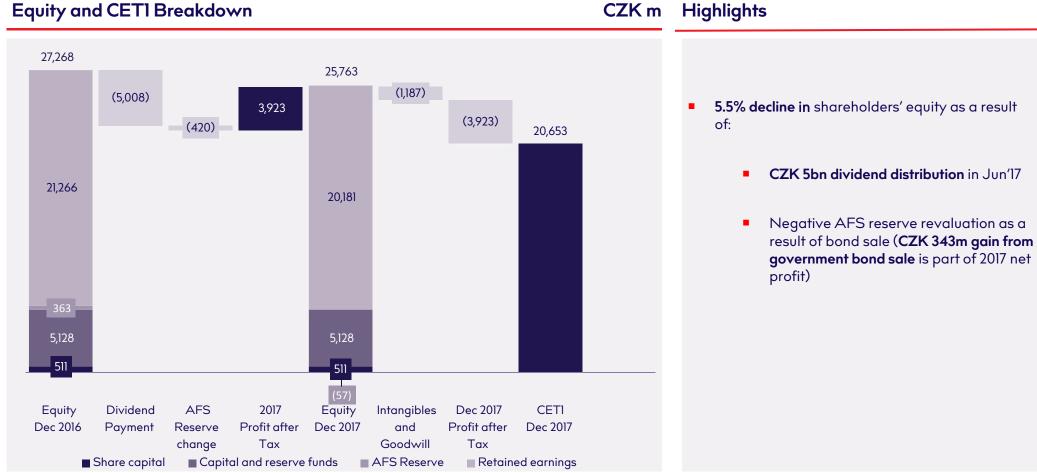
Key performance ratios

| | FY 2017 | FY 2016 restated ¹ | Change in bps |
|--|---------|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Profitability | | | |
| Yield (% Avg. Net Customer Loans) | 6.3% | 7.6% | (130) |
| Cost of Funds (% Avg Deposits) ² | 0.15% | 0.17% | (2) |
| NIM (% Avg Int Earning Assets) ³ | 4.3% | 5.9% | (160) |
| Cost of Risk (% Avg Net Customer Loans) | 0.32% | 0.93% | (61) |
| Risk-adj. yield (% Avg Net Customer Loans) | 6.0% | 6.7% | (70) |
| Net Fee & Commission Income / Operating Income (%) | 18.7% | 17.7% | 100 |
| Net Non-Interest Income / Operating Income (%) | 28.7% | 24.9% | 380 |
| Cost to Income Ratio | 47.9% | 45.1% | 280 |
| Reported RoTE | 16.0% | 15.3% | 70 |
| Adj. RoTE @ 15.5% CETI Ratio | 17.7% | 19.3% | (160) |
| RoAA ² | 2.2% | 2.8% | (60) |
| Liquidity / Leverage | | | |
| Net Loan to Deposit ratio ² | 87.4% | 96.2% | (880) |
| Total Equity / Total Assets ² | 12.9% | 18.3% | (540) |
| Liquid Assets / Total Assets ^{2,4} | 36.2% | 22.9% | 1,330 |
| Capital Adequacy | | | |
| RWA / Total Assets ² | 59.4% | 73.2% | (1,380) |
| CETI ratio (%) | 17.4% | 20.5% | (310) |
| Tierl ratio (%) | 17.4% | 20.5% | (310) |
| Total capital ratio (%) | 17.4% | 20.5% | (310) |
| Profitability | | | |
| Non Performing Loan Ratio (%) | 4.1% | 6.3% | (220) |
| Core Non Performing Loan Coverage (%) | 64.1% | 70.9% | (680) |
| Total NPL Coverage (%) | 77.0% | 82.5% | (550) |

Notes: (1) Reclassification of collection costs from Administrative & Other operating expenses in Cost of Risk; (2) Repo transactions with banks and customers which are closed on back-to-back basis by reverse repo transactions with CNB are included; (3) Interest earning assets include encumbered assets, Hedging derivatives with positive fair values, and Change in fair value of items hedged on portfolio basis; (4) Liquid assets are total of Cash and equivalents, Financial assets and Loans to banks as presented on Balance sheet, Liquid Assets include CZK 3.5bn of encumbered assets;



Shareholder's equity



Note: Intangibles of CZK 1,301m and Deffered tax CZK (112)m;



Profitable banking sector

Strong market liquidity growth drives headwinds on pricing, profitability impacted by lower revenues



Revenues flat YoY

CZK bn





Net profit up 4% YoY

CZK bn



Source: CNB ARAD - Deposits and Loans excluding Non-residents, P/L items excluding Building saving companies. Represents latest (revised) numbers;



Alternative performance measures

- In this presentation, certain financial data and measures are presented which are not calculated pursuant to any accounting standard and which are therefore non-IFRS measures and alternative performance measure as defined in the European Securities and Markets Authority Guidelines on Alternative performance measures. These financial data and measures are attrition / loan balance attrition, cost of funds, net interest margin / NIM, net non-interest income, return on average assets, reported return on tangible equity, yield / loan portfolio yield, cost to income ratio, tangible equity, adjusted return on tangible equity, adjusted tangible equity, adjusted tangible equity, adjusted tangible equity, adjusted operating income, loan to deposit ratio, regulatory capital, CETI, CETI Ratio, LCR, total NPL coverage, NPL / Non-performing loans, NPL ratio, risk weighted assets, RWA density, new production / new volume. All alternative performance measures included in this document are calculated for specified period.
- These alternative performance measures are included to (i) extend the financial disclosure . also to metrics which are used, along with IFRS measures, by the management in valuating of the Group's performance, and (ii) provide to investors further basis, along with IFRS measures, for measuring of the Group's performance. Because of the discretion that the Group has in defining these measures and calculating the reported amounts, care should be taken in comparing these various measures with similar measures used by other companies. These measures should not be used as a substitute for evaluating the performance of the Group based on the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group. Non-IFRS measures have limitations as analytical tools, and investors should not consider them in isolation, or as a substitute for analysis of the Group's results as reported under IFRS and set out in the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group, and investors should not place any undue reliance on non-IFRS measures. Non-IFRS measures presented in this report should not be considered as measures of discretionary cash available to the Group to invest in the growth of the business, or as measures of cash that will be available to the Group to meet its obligations. Investors should rely primarily on the Group's IFRS results and use the non-IFRS measures only as supplemental means for evaluating the performance of the Group.
- The following table shows the Group's adjusted return on tangible equity, adjusted at management target CETI Ratio currently 15.5 %, for the period of six months ended 30 June 2017 (annualized) and for the year ended 31 December 2016:

MONETA

| CZK million (unless otherwise indicated) | 2017 | 2016 |
|--|---------|---------|
| Reported Profit after tax (A) | 3,923 | 4,054 |
| Excess Capital (B = H - (G x J)) | 2,278 | 5,478 |
| Cost of funds% (C) | 0.2% | 0.2% |
| Tax Rate (D) | 19% | 19% |
| Adjustment for cost of funds (E = B x C x (1-D)) | (3) | (7) |
| Adjusted Profit after tax (F) | 3,920 | 4,047 |
| Reported Total Risk Weighted Assets (G) | 118,547 | 109,301 |
| Regulatory Capital (H) | 20,653 | 22,420 |
| Reported CET1 percentage (I = H / G) | 17.4% | 20.5% |
| Target CETI percentage (J) | 15.5% | 15.5% |
| Excess Capital (B = H - (G x J)) | 2,278 | 5,478 |
| Equity (K) | 25,763 | 27,268 |
| Intangible Assets and Goodwill (L) | 1,301 | 848 |
| Tangible Equity (M = K - L) | 24,462 | 26,420 |
| Excess Capital (B = H - (G x J)) | 2,278 | 5,478 |
| Adjusted Tangible Equity (N = M - B) | 22,184 | 20,942 |
| Reported Return on Tangible Equity (A / M)* | 16.0% | 15.3% |
| Adjusted Return on Tangible Equity (F / N)* | 17.7% | 19.3% |

* annualized figures

The reported return on tangible equity (A/M) is based on actual financial figures for the respective period as calculated in the above tables (F/N). Adjusted return on tangible equity is based on a management target 15.5% Capital Adequacy Ratio including 14.0% regulatory required capital (total SREP capital ratio of 11% and 2.5% capital conservation buffer and 0.5% countercyclical buffer). In addition to a capital rebase to 15.5%. CETI, net profit was adjusted (F) for substitution of capital with funding via deposits assuming cost of funding of the period (0.2% annualized in the first six months of 2017 and 0.2% in 2016) and 19.0% corporate tax rate. Profit after tax was not adjusted for potential liquidity constraints.

Adjusted tangible equity (N) reflects the tangible equity (M) calculated as per the Consolidated Financial statements of the Group adjusted for the excess capital (i.e., capital exceeding the management target CETI Ratio, currently 15.5 %).

Definition of other alternative performance measures is provided in Glossary section.

Glossary (1/2)

| Adjusted RoTE (at 15.5% CET) Ratio) AFS | Adjusted return on tangible equity is based on a management target Capital Adequacy Ratio of 15.5% (consists of (a) 11% total SREP capital ratio (b) 2.5% conservation buffer (c) 1% countercyclical buffer (including additional 0.5% effective from 1 st July 2018) and (d) 1% management buffer) Available for sale |
|---|---|
| | |
| Annualised | Adjusted so as to reflect the relevant rate on the full year basis. |
| Attrition / Loan Balance Attrition | Extraordinary principal repayment transactions exceeding 40% of the prior month average principal and not recognized as internal refinancing. Loans more than 30 days past due are excluded |
| Auto | MONETA Auto, s.r.o. |
| Average balance of Due to banks and due to customers | Two-point average of the beginning and ending balances of Due to banks and Due to customers for the period |
| Average balance of net interest earning assets | Two-point average of the beginning and ending balances of Net Interest Earning Assets for the period |
| Average balance of net loans to customers | Two-point average of the beginning and ending balances of Loans and receivables to customers for the period |
| Average balance of total assets | Two-point average of the beginning and ending balances of Total Assets for the period |
| bn | Billion |
| bps | Basis points |
| CAPEX | Capital expenditure |
| СЕП | Common equity tier I capital represents regulatory capital which mainly consists of paid-up registered share capital, share premium, retained profits, disclosed reserves and reserves for general banking risks, which must be netted off against accumulated losses, certain deferred tax assets, certain intangible assets and shares held by the Company in itself (calculated pursuant to CRR) |
| CETI Ratio | CETI as a percentage of risk-weighted assets |
| CNB | Czech National Bank |
| Company | MONETA Money Bank, a.s. |
| Cost of Funds (% Avg Deposits) | Interest expense and similar charges for the period divided by average balance of due to banks and due to customers |
| Core Cost of Risk or Core CoR | Net impairment of loans and receivables divided by average balance of net loans to customers excluding gain from monetization of NPLs |
| CoR or Cost of Risk or | Net impairment of loans and receivables divided by average balance of net loans |
| Cost of Risk (% Avg Net Customer Loans) | to customers |
| Cost to Income Ratio (C/I) | Ratio (expressed as a percentage) of total operating expenses for the period to total operating income for the period |
| MONE. | TA MONEY BANK |

| CRR | Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of |
|--------------------------------|--|
| | 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms and amending Regulation (EU) No. 648 / 2012, as amended |
| Customer Deposits | Due to customers |
| CZK | Czech Koruna |
| Drawn limit / Overdraft | Loans and receivables to customer balance |
| Drawn | |
| E-payment | One-time payment transactions through internet banking or mobile banking |
| Excess capital | Capital exceeding the management target CETI Ratio, currently 15.5% (consists of (a) 11% total SREP capital ratio (b) 2.5% conservation buffer (c) 1% countercyclical buffer (including additional 0.5% effective from 1st July 2018) and (d) 1% management buffer) |
| Front end roles (employees) | Predominately employees whose variable compensation is sales-driven together with their immediate managers, and employees of Collections & Recovery department |
| FTE | The average recalculated number of employees during the period is an average of the figures reported to Czech Statistical Authority (CSA) on a monthly basis in accordance with Article 15 of Czech Act No. 518/2004. The figures reported to CSA equal to quotient of the following nominator and the following denominator. The nominator is defined as all hours worked by all employees, their related leaves/holidays and their related sick days. The denominator represents a standard working hours per an employee and a month. |
| FY | Financial year |
| GDP | Gross domestic product |
| Group | Company and its subsidiaries |
| Gross performing loans | Performing Loans and Receivables to customers as determined in accordance with the Bank's loan receivables categorization rules (Standard) |
| НТМ | Held to maturity portfolio |
| IBNR allowances | Allowances for incurred but not reported losses for performing receivables |
| IFRS | International Financial Reporting Standards |
| IFRS9 | International Financial Reporting Standards specifying how an entity should classify and measure financial assets, financial liabilities, and some contracts to buy or sell non- financial items |
| IPO | Initial public offering |
| ISRE / ISRE2410 | International Standard on Review Engagements (review of interim financial statement by the independent auditor of the company) |
| k/ths | thousands |
| KPI | Key performance indicator |
| Leasing | MONETA Leasing, s.r.o. |
| Liquid Assets | Liquid assets comprise of cash and balances with central banks, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets - available for sale, held to maturity portfolio and loans and receivables to banks |
| LCR | Liquidity Coverage Ratio measures the ratio (expressed as a percentage) of a bank's buffer of high quality liquid assets to its projected net liquidity outflows over a 30-day stress period, as calculated in accordance with EU Regulation'15/61 |

Glossary (2/2)

| LHS | Left-hand side |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| LtD Ratio or Loan to Deposit Ratio | Loan to deposit ratio calculated as net loans and receivables to customers divided by customer deposits |
| М | Millions |
| MREL | Minimum Requirement for own funds and Eligible Liabilities required by the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive |
| MSA | Master Services Agreement with General Electric Group |
| Net Income/Net Profit | Profit for the period after tax |
| Net Interest Earning Assets | Cash and balances with the central bank, financial assets at fair value through profit and loss, financial assets available for sale, held to maturity portfolio, loans and receivables to banks and loans and receivables to customers |
| NII | Net Interest Income |
| Net Interest Margin or NIM | Net interest and similar income divided by average balance of net interest earning assets |
| Net Non-Interest Income | Total operating income less net interest and similar income for the period |
| Net Performing Loans | Performing Loans and Receivables to customers as determined in accordance with the Bank's loan receivables categorization rules (Standard) less Loss Allowances for Loans and Receivables to customers |
| New volume / New production | Aggregate of loan principal disbursed in the period for non-revolving loans |
| NPL / Non-performing loans | Non-performing loans as determined in accordance with the Bank's loan receivables categorization rules (Substandard, Doubtful, Loss) |
| NPL Ratio | Ratio (expressed as a percentage) of NPL to Gross loans and receivables to customers |
| NPL Coverage / Coverage | Ratio (expressed as a percentage) of Loss allowances for loans and advances to customers to NPL |
| Nr. | Number |
| OPEX / Cost Base | Total operating expenses |
| PL | Performing loans |
| Q | Quarter |
| RE | Real estate |
| Reported RoTE / RoTE | Profit after tax divided by tangible equity |
| Return on average assets or RoAA | Return on average assets calculated as profit after tax for the period divided by average balance of total assets |
| Regulatory Capital | CETI |

| RHS | Right-hand side |
|---|---|
| Risk Adjusted Operating Income | Calculated as total operating income less net impairment of loans and receivables and Net impairment of other receivables |
| Risk Adjusted Yield or Risk Adjusted Yield (% Avg Net Customer Loans) | Interest and similar income from loans to customers less net impairment of loans and receivables divided by average balance of net loans to customers |
| RWA | Risk Weighted Assets |
| RWA density | Ratio of RWA to total assets |
| Small business Ioan balances | Loans and receivables of unsecured instalment loans, commercial credit cards and unsecured overdrafts provided to an enterprise with an annual turnover of up to CZK 60 million |
| Small business (new) production | New volume of unsecured instalment loans and receivables to customers |
| SME | An enterprise with an annual turnover of up to CZK 200 million |
| SREP | Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process, when supervisor regularly asses and measure the risks for each bank |
| Tangible Equity | Calculated as total equity less intangible assets and goodwill |
| Total Capital Ratio | Tier I Capital and Tier 2 Capital as a percentage of risk-weighted assets |
| Total NPL Coverage | Ratio (expressed as a percentage) of individual and portfolio provisions for loans and receivables to total non-performing loans and receivables |
| TSA | Transition Service Agreement with General Electric Group |
| VAT | Valued added tax |
| Yield (% Avg. Net Customer Loans) | Interest and similar income from loans to customer divided by average balance of net loans to customers |
| YoY | Year-on-year |
| YTD | Year to date |

Forward-looking statements

Forward-looking statements

- This presentation and subsequent discussion may contain projections, estimates, forecasts, targets, opinions, prospects, results, returns and forward-looking statements with respect to the medium term financial guidance, profitability, costs, assets, capital position, financial condition, results of operations, dividend and business of the Group (together, "forward-looking statements").
- Any forward-looking statements involve material assumptions and subjective judgements which may or may not prove to be correct and there can be no assurance that any of the matters set out in forward-looking statements will actually occur or will be realized or are complete or accurate. The assumptions may prove to be incorrect and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, contingencies and other important factors, many of which are outside the control of the Group. Actual achievements, results, performance or other future events or conditions may differ materially from those stated, implied and/or reflected in any forward-looking statements due to a variety of risks, uncertainties and other factors. Any forward-looking statement contained in this presentation is made as at the date of this presentation. MONETA Money Bank, a.s. does not assume, and hereby disclaims, any obligation or duty to update forward-looking statements if circumstances or management's assumptions beliefs, expectations or opinions should change, unless it would be required to do so under applicable law or regulation. For these reasons, recipients should not place reliance on, and are cautioned about relying on, any forward-looking statements.

Material assumptions for forward-looking statements

see slide "Material assumptions and estimates for medium term guidance"



Disclaimer and other information

THIS PRESENTATION IS NOT AN OFFER TO SELL OR A SOLICITATION OF OFFERS TO PURCHASE OR SUBSCRIBE FOR SHARES OF MONETA MONEY BANK, A.S. (THE "COMPANY"), OTHER SECURITIES OR OTHER FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS.

- Copies of this presentation may not be sent to countries, or distributed in or sent from countries, in which this is barred or prohibited by law. Persons into whose possession this presentation comes should inform themselves about, and observe all such restrictions. Any failure to comply with these restrictions may constitute a violation of the laws of any such jurisdiction. This document does not constitute a recommendation regarding any securities.
- The Company is under no obligation to update or keep current the information contained in this presentation, to correct any inaccuracies
 which may become apparent, or to publicly announce the result of any revision to the statements made herein, except to the extent it would
 be required to do so under applicable law or regulation.
- Certain industry and market information in this presentation has been obtained by the Company from third party sources. This presentation has been prepared by the Company. The Company has not independently verified such information and the Company does not provide any assurance as to the accuracy, fairness or completeness of such information or opinions contained in this presentation.
- The Company was rated BBB with stable outlook by Standard & Poor's Credit Market Services Europe Limited. Standard & Poor's Credit Market Services Europe Limited is established in the European Union and is registered under the Regulation (EC) No. 1060/2009 (as amended) (the "CRA Regulation"). As such Standard & Poor's Credit Market Services Europe Limited is included in the list of credit rating agencies published by the European Securities and Markets Authority on its website (www.esma.europa.eu/supervision/credit-rating-agencies/risk) in accordance with the CRA Regulation. When selecting the rating agency, the Company proceeded in accordance with the obligations laid down in Article 8d of the CRA Regulation. The market share of each of the aforementioned rating agency exceeds 10% of the EU market.

