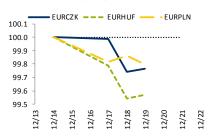


Wednesday, 19 December 2018

#### Forex markets (index)



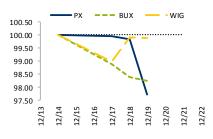
	LAST	PREVIOUS	CHANGE (%)
EURCZK	25.73	25.73	0.02
EURHUF	322.4	322.3	0.03
EURPLN	4.282	4.285	-0.07

#### Gov. bonds 10 Y (bps change)



L	AST PREV	TIOUS CHANG	iE (bps)
CZGB 10Y 1.	965 1.9	964 0.	.1
<b>HUGB 10Y</b> 3	.29 3.	30 -0	.1
<b>PLGB 10Y</b> 2	.90 2.	90 0.	.3

### Equity indices (index)



	LAST	PREVIOUS	CHANGE (%)
PX	1004.9	1026.6	-2.12
BUX	39420	39476	-0.14
WIG	58705	58719	-0.02

# Our regional insights:

## **NBH** keeps rates unchanged

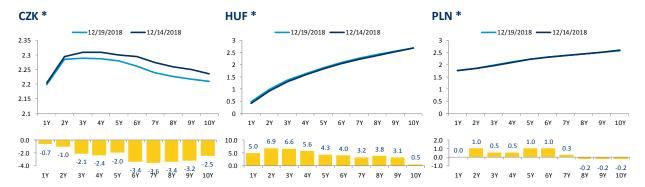
The National Bank of Hungary left the reference rates (O/N depo -0.15%, 3m depo 0.9%) unchanged in line with the expectations. The NBH confirmed that the mortgage bond purchase and the MIRS program will be stopped at the end of the year, while the new funding for lending program will be started for SMEs (3 to 10 years HUF loans with fixed, maximum 2.5% interest rate) in January.

The new elements of the statement are how the Council relents on ECB's policy and on the development of underlying inflation. Despite of the dropping headline CPI (from 3.8% yoy in October to 3.1% yoy in November) the NBH also emphasized that the core elements of inflation are still increasing which has to be monitored closely in the following months. While in previous months the NBH highlighted that ECB's loose monetary policy holds back Hungarian tightening, now the statement puts more emphasis on the Hungarian inflationary development. The comment was ended also differently than previous month as the sentence of "To ensure this, in the Council's assessment, maintaining the current level of the base rate and the loose monetary conditions is necessary" was replaced by "Core inflation excluding indirect tax effects is likely to continue to rise in the coming quarters, which the Council will assess in terms of the sustainable achievement of the inflation target. In the period ahead, therefore, incoming data will be of key relevance. The Monetary Council closely monitors incoming macroeconomic data and will decide to adjust monetary conditions depending on their outcome."

It means in our read that the stance of the statement become slightly more hawkish and it fits into our previous expectation that the NBH may start a gradual tightening in 2019. First, as the central bank also highlighted, the unconventional tools will be changed, i.e. the foreign currency swaps and the interest rate corridor. That would mean that the roughly HUF2000bn stock of FC swap may gradually moderate, while the O/N depo and lending rate might be increased. We don't expect any substantial move in 1Q19, but we maintain our view that the tightening might be started in 2Q with decreasing the FC swaps and so the internal bank rate (BUBOR) may start to increase gradually. We expect roughly 100bp interest rate increase in short tenors till end of 2019.



## **Interest-rate Swap Curves**



\* upper plot in each panel shows interest swap curve (%), lower plot shows change in interest rates in basis points (against previous Friday).

## Calendar

Country	Date	Time	Indicator	Period	Pariod			Pariod	Forecast		Actual		Consensus		Previous	
Country	Date	Tille	indicator			m/m	y/y	m/m	y/y	m/m	y/y	m/m	y/y			
PL	12/19	10:00	Industrial output	%	11/01/2018			-3.6	4.7	-4	4.2	9.9	7.4			
PL	12/19	10:00	PPI	%	11/01/2018			-0.5	2.7	-0.1	3.1	0.5	3.2			
HU	12/20	8:30	Current account	HUF B	3Q/2018							772				
HU	12/20	9:00	Wages	%, ytd.	10/01/2018								10.4			
CZ	12/20	13:00	CNB meeting	%	12/01/2018	1.75				1.75		1.75				
HU	12/21	9:00	Trade balance	EUR M	10/2018 *F							293				
PL	12/21	10:00	Unemployment rate	%	11/01/2018					5.8		5.7				
PL	12/21	10:00	Retail sales	%	11/01/2018					-2.6	7.9	7.4	9.7			

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