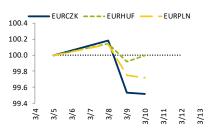
Public

Written by ČSOB Prague and K&H Budapest



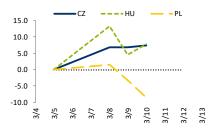
Wednesday, 10 March 2021

Forex markets (index)



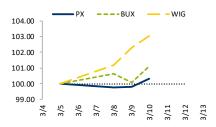
	LAST	PREVIOUS	CHANGE (%)
EURCZK	26.22	26.22	-0.01
EURHUF	367.0	366.8	0.07
EURPLN	4.573	4.574	-0.03

Gov. bonds 10 Y (bps change)



	LAST	PREVIOUS	CHANGE (bps)
CZGB 10Y	1.837	1.833	0.4
HUGB 10Y	2.78	2.75	1.2
PLGB 10Y	1.51	1.57	-3.4

Equity indices (index)



	LAST	PREVIOUS	CHANGE (%)
РХ	1070.8	1065.4	0.51
BUX	43751	43313	1.01
WIG	59411	58971	0.75

Our regional insights:

Czech inflation slowed in February

In February, Czech headline inflation slowed slightly to 2.1% YoY, as consumer prices rose by only 0.2% this month compared to January. This minor increase was mainly due to higher prices of fuels, cars and some leisure activities.

It is still true that almost half of February's inflation slowdown was due to a negative base effect triggered by hikes in prices of tobacco products and alcohol last year, which reflected significant increase in excise duties. Housing prices, which have pushed inflation up in previous years, are now rising at a very modest pace. As a result, the growth of rents slows and at the same time electricity plus gas prices continue to fall. Last but not least, food - the second most important part of the consumer basket after housing - rose only 0.6% year-on-year.

In the coming months, inflation will be close to the CNB's target (2.0%) and will probably be below it in the second half of the year. The prices of some services - currently limited by the lockdown – represent great uncertainty however. On the other hand, food prices, at least in view of the current development of agricultural or processing prices, should not increase significantly.

All in all, we do believe that inflation is not and probably will not be a significant problem for the Czech economy. Nevertheless, given that inflation is close to the CNB's target and the core inflation is still above the upper limit of the targeted band (3%), the central bank will continue to talk about the need to normalize official interest rates. However, this will only be possible when the pandemic situation calms down and most of the recent quarantine measures are relaxed. Therefore, we expect the first CNB's rate hike rather at the end of the year, as it has been outlined in the alternative (adverse) scenario of the central bank itself.

Petr Dufek (ČSOB)



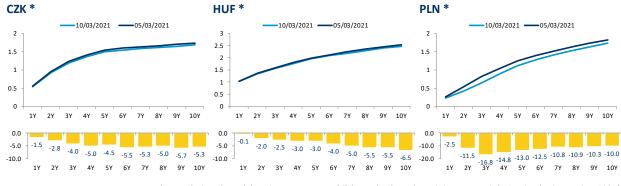


Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan 2020 2019 2021 2022 — CNB's Point Estimate (quarterly average) — Actual Headline Inflation

Source: KBC Economics based on CZSO. CN



Interest-rate Swap Curves



* upper plot in each panel shows interest swap curve (%), lower plot shows change in interest rates in basis points (against previous Friday).

Calendar

Country	Date	Time	Indicator		Period		Actual		Consensus Previ		ous		
Country	Date	Time	indicator		m/m	y/y	m/m	y/y	m/m	y/y	m/m	y/y	
CZ	03/10	9:00	CPI	%	02/01/2021	0.3	2.2	0.1	2.1	0.3	2.2	1.3	2.2
HU	03/11	9:00	Trade balance	EUR M	01/2021 *P							398	
HU	03/11	11:50	One week deposit rate	%	03/01/2021							0.75	
CZ	03/12	9:00	Construction output	%	01/01/2021								-12.4
CZ	03/12	9:00	Industrial output	%	01/01/2021		-3.0				-4.3		5.8
CZ	03/15	9:00	PPI	%	02/01/2021							1.3	0.0
CZ	03/15	9:00	Retail sales ex autos	%	01/01/2021								3.7
PL	03/15	10:00	CPI	%	02/01/2021							1.2	2.7
CZ	03/16	10:00	Current account	CZK B	01/01/2021							-3.9	

Contacts

Brussels Research (KBC)		Global Sales Force	
Mathias van der Jeugt	+32 2 417 51 94	Brussels	
Peter Wuyts	+32 2 417 32 35	Corporate Desk	+32 2 417 45 82
Mathias Janssens	+32 2 417 51 95	Institutional Desk	+32 2 417 46 25
		France	+32 2 417 32 65
Dublin Research		London	+44 207 256 4848
Austin Hughes	+353 1 664 6889	Singapore	+65 533 34 10
Shawn Britton	+353 1 664 6892		
Prague Research (CSOB)		Prague	+420 2 6135 3535
Jan Čermák	+420 2 6135 3578	Prague (Equities)	+420 2 2142 4216
Petr Dufek	+420 2 6135 3560		
Bratislava Research (CSOB)			
Marek Gabris	+421 2 5966 8809	Bratislava	+421 2 5966 8820
Budapest Research			
David Nemeth	+36 1 328 9989	Budapest	+36 1 328 99 85

ALL OUR REPORTS ARE AVAILABLE VIA OUR KBC RESEARCH APP (iPhone, iPad, Android)

This non-exhaustive information is based on short-term forecasts for expected developments on the financial markets. KBC Bank cannot guarantee that these forecasts will materialize and cannot be held liable in any way for direct or consequential loss arising from any use of this document or its content. The document is not intended as personalized investment advice and does not constitute a recommendation to buy, sell or hold investments described herein. Although information has been obtained from and is based upon sources KBC believes to be reliable, KBC does not guarantee the accuracy of this information, which may be incomplete or condensed. All opinions and estimates constitute a KBC judgment as of the data of the report and are subject to change without notice.

